Y6 SATS 2025

Presentation for Parents & Carers



What are the SATS tests?

- The end of KS2 assessments are sometimes informally referred to as 'SATS'.
- SATS week across the country begins on Monday 12th
 May 2025 and runs to Thursday 15th May
- Pupils will complete test papers in some of the areas that have to be assessed. Other areas, like writing, are assessed using evidence collected by the teacher over a longer period of time.
- Pupils will complete SATS test papers in:
 - Reading
 - Grammar, Punctuation & Vocabulary
 - Spelling
 - Arithmetic
 - Mathematical Reasoning 2 papers

How do the tests take place?

- The tests all take place in normal school time, under test conditions.
- Pupils will not be allowed to talk to each other during the tests.
- The completed papers are sent away to be marked externally.
- Results are returned to school in July.
- The tests vary in length but last no longer than 60 minutes:
 - Reading: 60 minutes
 - Grammar, Punctuation & Vocabulary: 45 minutes
 - Spelling: 15 minutes
 - Arithmetic: 30 minutes
 - Mathematical Reasoning: 2 papers of 40 minutes each.

How are the tests graded?

- The marked tests will provide the following information:
 - A raw score (i.e. number of marks)
 - A scaled score (see below)
 - An indication of whether the national standard has been met.
- In scaled scores, a score of 100 represents the national standard. The lowest is 80 and the highest is 120.
- After each test is marked, it will be converted into a scaled score and that will show whether a pupil is working at the national standard, or above or below it.
- A pupil will need to achieve a scaled score of 100 to show that they have met the national standard on the test.
- There are no longer separate tests for higher attaining pupils, but a scaled score of 110 or above (up to the maximum of 120) indicates a child is working at greater depth.

The Reading Test

- The test assesses whether pupils' comprehension of age appropriate texts meets the national standard. There will be numerous questions on inference, vocabulary and authorial choice.
- Pupils will have 60 minutes to complete the test, including reading the texts and writing the answers.
- The test will have three different texts to read, drawing on fiction, non-fiction or poetry.
- Questions are focused around the following areas (called 'content domains'):
 - give/explain the meaning of words in context
 - retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction
 - summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph
 - make inferences from the text/explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text
 - predict what might happen from details stated and implied
 - identify/explain how information/narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole
 - identify/explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases
 - make comparisons within the text
- There are a range of answer types, including multiple choice, short one-word answers and longer answers that require a written paragraph.

The Reading Test

Example questions

9	Look at Anousheh's blog entry for September 27th. Explain how Anousheh felt about being in space that day.	
		2 marks

18	Gentle, and small, and frail How do these words make the reader feel about the snail?	
		1 mark

Using information from the text, tick one box in each row to show whether each statement is a fact or an opinion.

Fact Opinion

Anousheh Ansari kept an online diary.

Brushing your teeth in space is a joy.

Being weightless is endlessly entertaining.

Tourists can stay on the International Space Station.



The GPS Tests

- There are two tests: a short spelling test and a longer paper testing grammar, punctuation and vocabulary.
- The spelling test lasts approximately 15 minutes and pupils will need to spell words in context by filling in the gaps in sentences.
- The grammar, punctuation and vocabulary test lasts for 45 minutes.
- Pupils need a good working knowledge of technical vocabulary used to describe grammatical terms and punctuation marks.
- Questions in the grammar test are focused around the following areas (called 'content domains'):
 - Grammatical terms/word classes
 - Functions of sentences
 - Combining words, phrases and clauses
 - Verb forms, tenses and consistency
 - Punctuation
 - Vocabulary
 - Standard English and formality
- There are a range of answer types in the grammar test, including multiple choice and short one-word answers, but there will not be any long written answers required

The GPS Tests

Example questions

13	Tick one box to show which part of the sentence is a relative clause .	
	The table which is made of oak is now black with age.	1 mark

16	What is the name of the punctuation mark used between the two main clauses below?	
	My sister loves team sports; my brother, on the other hand, prefers individual sports – such as athletics.	
		1 mark

14	Tick the option that shows how the underlined words sentence.	are used in the
	My baby brother was born in the hospital where my fa	ather works.
	Tick one.	
	as a preposition phrase	
	as a relative clause	
	as a main clause	
	as a noun phrase	1 ms

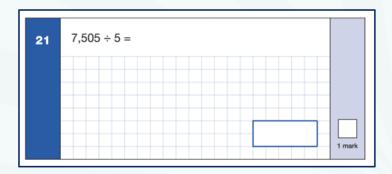
48	Insert a colon in the correct place in the sentence below.	
	The school offered three clubs for its pupils art and craft,	
	dance and chess.	1 mark

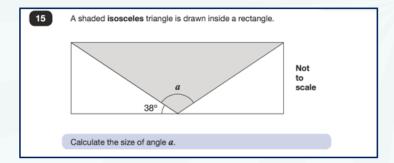
The Maths Tests

- There are three tests: one arithmetic paper and two reasoning papers.
- Paper 1 (arithmetic) lasts 30 minutes and assesses pupils' confidence using methods of calculation as well as fractions, decimals and percentages. It covers curriculum content from all of KS2.
- Papers 2 & 3 (reasoning) last 40 minutes each and focus on problem solving, fluency and applying mathematical reasoning.
- Questions cover the following areas (called 'content domains'):
 - Number and place value
 - Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division (calculations)
 - Geometry properties of shapes
 - Geometry position and direction
 - Statistics
 - Measurement
 - Algebra
 - Ratio and proportion
 - Fractions, decimals and percentages.

The Maths Tests

Example questions

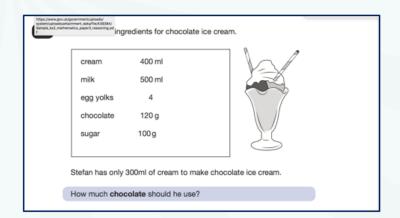




The area of a rugby pitch is 6,108 square metres.

A football pitch measures 112 metres long and 82 metres wide.

How much larger is the area of the football pitch than the area of the rugby pitch?



Other Assessments

- There is no writing SATS test.
- Writing assessments will be formed from judgements made by the teacher, looking at evidence from writing collected over the course of the year.
- The teacher will moderate their assessments with other professionals to make sure there is a consistent standard across the country.
- Final judgements will be reported to parents at the same time as the other assessment results.

How can I help my child?

- Help children not to feel worried or pressured about SATS.
 Reassure them that it is a far bigger deal for the school than it is for them-and many secondary schools don't use SATs results in any meaningful way.
- Help children with organising their homework (including spellings and mental arithmetic) and support their reading for pleasure activities.
- Help them to have early nights and a healthy diet.
- Help your child to have the best possible attendance at school over the next few weeks
- Please speak to a member of staff if you have questions or concerns.

SATs Breakfast

For SATs week we will be inviting Year 6 children to come into school for 8.15 am and have breakfast together in the hall (Mon 12th – Thurs 15th May)

Cereal, toast, fruit juice

A chance for children to relax before the SATs

Even if your child has eaten breakfast at home, they are still welcome and encouraged to join

Time for Questions

